

Relative Pronouns

Relative Pronouns:

Relative Pronoun	Refers to...	Example
who	Refers to people	This is the man <u>who</u> lives nearby.
which	Refers to animals and objects	Monkeys are animals <u>which</u> eat bananas. This is the table <u>which</u> I fixed last week.
where	Refers to a place. Where = in/at which.	This is the place <u>where</u> I was born.
when	Refers to dates/time.	The 1 st of September is the day <u>when</u> students begin to learn.
whose	Possession for people, animals and objects.	This is the boy <u>whose</u> bag was stolen.
whom	Refers to people. Whom = who + pronoun. Comes <u>before</u> a noun, and a verb is written <u>after</u> it.	This is the man in <u>whom</u> I love.

Note:

It's possible to replace the words "who" or "which" with the word "that". However, it cannot come after preposition or commas.

Combining Sentences:

- א. המשפט הראשון לא משתנה.
- ב. נשמיט את כינוי הגוף שקשור לשני המשפטים.
- ג. נוסיף את ה- Relative Pronoun המתאים ואחריו יבוא המשפט השני.
- ד. הערה – יש מקרים שבהם המשפט השני נכנס לתוך המשפט הראשון ומופרד בשני פסיקים (בדומה לתמורה בעברית).

Examples:

1. I didn't enjoy the book. I borrowed it from you.
I didn't enjoy the book which I borrowed from you.
2. Jerusalem is the capital of Israel. It's thousands of years old.
Jerusalem, which is thousands of years old, is the capital of Israel.
3. The girl is standing by the door. I met her last week.
The girl, whom I met last week, is standing by the door.
4. I met a friend last week. Her husband is a pilot.
I met a friend, whose husband is a pilot, last week.